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Resealable seals and docking systems containing these seals

Description

— The present invention relates to reclosable seals for substantially environmentally impermeable, reversible sealing as well as for substantially environmentally impermeable filling and/or decanting of bulk material from containers or tube elements and docking systems containing these reclosable seals.

— In addition, the invention relates to multiple coupling seals containing the inventive reclosable seals, as well as to multiple docking systems containing these multiple coupling seals.

— As a rule very high demands with respect to ongoing reliability and environmental sealing are placed on seals or respectively coupling seals, which are used for decanting of bulk material made of e.g. flexible containers. For many bulk materials in minimal quantities are already toxic for the human organism. In addition, certain bulk materials are very sensitive to air and moisture and must be kept completely separate from surrounding air at every processing stage and naturally also during decanting. Bulk materials for further processing also frequently have to satisfy very high purity criteria and in no way may be contaminated from the outside by any contamination. The necessity to work contamination-free in particular in the food-processing, chemical or pharmaceutical industries results in high equipment and safety-related expense, which inevitably manifests in manufacturing costs.

— Bulk material can be decanted for example environmentally impermeably from containers by means of double valve technology, such as described in DE 695 04 581 T2. Such docking mechanisms according to double valve technology are structurally highly intricate and thus generally also costly.

Structurally simpler docking mechanisms, such as those disclosed in PCT/EP02/12010, use e.g. elastically deformable coupling elements, which in each case have a superposed slot, which is closed in the basic state and can be opened by application of pressure. With this configuration of a docking mechanism particular care is to be exercised that the slots of the juxtaposed coupling elements are of the same length and are superposed exactly over one another.

The unpublished German patent application with file reference 103 21 814.9 on the other hand discloses a coupling element for environmentally insulated decanting, filling and/or emptying of containers, composed substantially of two flush sealing strips, having at their ends a mutually engaging articulated bodies, which can be rotated about common bearing axis elements. The articulated axis elements or respectively articulated caps have to be precisely match the shape and size of the bearing element of the sealing strips so as to be able to function permanently and reliably as axis bearings. Opening and closing of this coupling element is accomplished by the opposite articulated bodies being moved towards or respectively away from one another. However, only one limited angle of opening can be achieved with this construction.

For trouble-free operation of conventional docking mechanisms it is not only of significance that the coupling seals of the individual containers in each case can implicitly be closed environmentally impermeably. Rather, it is also of major significance that the coupling seals or elements can be docked problem-free and environmentally impermeably on corresponding coupling elements or seals. This succeeds all the better the smaller and more rigid the individual coupling elements or respectively their constituents, e.g. sealing strips, are. In particular, with structurally simple coupling seals, with large-size coupling seals and with coupling seals formed out of very flexible components, docking onto corresponding coupling seals frequently involves problems, is time-intensive and does not always result in environmentally impermeable docking mechanisms.

The object of the present invention is therefore to provide seals for environmentally impermeable filling and/or decanting or emptying of bulk material from containers or conveying equipment, which ensure problem-free and reliable sealing independently of the size and flexibility or respectively rigidity of the materials used. The object of the present invention is also to provide seals for environmentally impermeable filling and/or decanting or emptying of

bulk material from containers or conveying equipment, which can be joined reliably and environmentally impermeably and reversibly to corresponding seals of similar or identical construction, independent of the size and flexibility or respectively rigidity of the materials used.

A reclosable zip seal for reversible sealing of a coupling seal was accordingly found, comprising a coupling seal for substantially environmentally impermeable, reversible sealing as well as for substantially environmentally impermeable filling and/or decanting of bulk material from in particular flexible containers or tube elements, comprising at least one first flexible sealing strip, comprising an inner side and a top side, with at least a first, in particular continuous sealing element, in particular a spring, on its inner side, and at least one second flexible sealing strip, comprising an inner side and a top side, with at least one second, in particular continuous, sealing element on its inner side, in particular a groove, which is complementary to the first sealing element, so that first and second sealing elements can be engaged, and enable reversible, tight sealing of the coupling seal with a further, corresponding coupling seal, whereby the first and the second sealing strip, are connected to one another in particular via their respective end sections, in particular by forming a closed periphery, and whereby the top side of the first sealing strip has at least a third, in particular continuous, sealing element for reversible docking on a complementary sealing element and the top side of the second sealing strip has at least a fourth, in particular continuous, sealing element for reversible docking on a complementary sealing element; and at least one zip slide for opening and closing of the coupling seal, which can be moved along the coupling seal, with a separation end and a compression end and opposite side walls as well as a separating element at the separating end, which can be slid between the first and second sealing elements of the first and second sealing strips, whereby the first and the second sealing element can be engaged in one another in reaction to the movement of the zip slide in a sealing direction from the open position into the closed position and in reaction to the movement of the zip slide can be brought in a direction of opening from the closed position into an open position. The first and second sealing strip of the inventive seal can be interconnected directly or indirectly. By way of example the respective endings or respectively end sections of first and second sealing strip can be connected to one another forming a flexible opening in pairs. In addition, it is possible for the ends of first and second sealing strip to merge into a, for example monobloc, end block, on which the zip slide can be placed in a normal position if necessary. As a consequence, such an end section can also have an end stop for the zip slide. Such an end section can be present on both sides of the opposite ends of first and second sealing strip.

Zip seals for e.g. plastic bags are known e.g. from DE 698 09 569 T2, DE 697 18 439 T2 and DE 696 19 983 T2 and can be used as a starting basis to arrive at an inventive reclosable zip seal. In that no longer only the inner sides of the first and second sealing strips now have sealing elements corresponding to one another, but likewise their top sides are fitted with sealing elements, which enable environmentally impermeable joining to a second inventive seal, environmentally impermeable filling and/or decanting of bulk material can also be ensured with very flexible bag and/or bead materials. By way of example the coupling seal can be a constituent of a plastic bag and be in the vicinity of the circular opening edge of same.

The inventive zip seal is suited in particular for filling and/or decanting of bulk material from flexible containers, e.g. plastic bag or sacks. Accordingly, such a zip seal in an embodiment already has a flexible bag or tube, whereof the opening edge is connected separately or monobloc to the first and second sealing strip. The coupling seal can consequently be both an integral constituent of the flexible bags, in particular in the vicinity of the opening edge of this bag, and in retrospect can be connected to a bag reversibly or irreversibly.

The zip slide for opening or closing of the reclosable zip seal generally encroaches on the first and second sealing strip of a coupling seal. The separating element can be slid in between the sealing elements of the first and second sealing strip to open the zip seal. In an embodiment the side walls of the zip slide extend from the sealing face downwards to a point under the first or respectively second sealing strips, so that these sealing strips are held between the side walls. The first and second sealing strips connected to one another at their respective ends or closed positions can also form an end stop. There can also be a fixed station in this position. In a further embodiment the first and second sealing strips of a coupling seal can at least on one side exceed the periphery of a bag or tube connected to this coupling seal, in particular to take up the zip seal in the closed position. This ensures that the coupling seal is sealed over the entire length completely environmentally impermeably.

In the zip slide the sealing elements of first and second sealing strip are meshed at the compression end. In any case at the compression end the inner distance between the opposite side walls is dimensioned such that it approximately matches the width of the coupled coupling seal. The separated and compression end of the zip slide can of course also be within the zip slide and must not necessarily match the opposite delimiting faces of the zip slide.

In a further embodiment it can be provided that the zip slide, which can be moved between a closed position and an open position along the first and second sealing strips, comprises an upper sealing wall as well as opposite side walls which extend from opposite sides of the sealing wall downwards and which accommodate the first and second sealing strip between them, whereby the side walls run from the separating end to the compression end of the zip slide and are arranged at a greater distance at the separating end than at the compression end, whereby the side walls at the compression end are spaced sufficiently narrowly that when the zip slide moves to the closed position they press the first and second sealing element into mutual engagement, and whereby the separating element protrudes at the separating end from the upper sealing wall between the side walls and past the first and second sealing element.

The underlying object of the invention is furthermore solved by a reclosable docking seal for reversible docking of two coupling seals for substantially environmentally impermeable, reversible sealing as well as for substantially environmentally impermeable filling and/or decanting of bulk material from containers or tube elements, comprising a coupling seal, having at least one first flexible sealing strip, comprising an inner side and a top side, with at least a first, in particular continuous, sealing element, in particular a spring, on its inner side and at least one second flexible sealing strip, comprising an inner side and a top side, with at least a second, in particular continuous, sealing element on its inner side, in particular a groove, complementary to the first sealing element and enabling reversible, tight sealing with the first sealing element, whereby first and second sealing elements can be meshed, whereby the first and the second sealing strip, in particular are connected to one another via their respective end sections, in particular by forming a closed circumference, and whereby the top side of the first sealing strip has at least a third, in particular continuous, sealing element for reversible docking on a complementary sealing element and the top side of the second sealing strip has at least a fourth, in particular continuous, sealing element for reversible docking on a complementary sealing element; and at least one coupling slide element, encroaching on the first and second sealing strip in sections and which can be moved along the coupling seal, suited for coupling and uncoupling the sealing strips of the coupling seal with the sealing strips of another coupling seal, containing sealing elements, in each case complementary to the third and fourth sealing elements of the sealing strips of the coupling seal of the docking seal.

A preferred configuration of the inventive docking seal is characterised in that the coupling slide element comprises a sealing wall as well as opposite first and second side walls, extending downwards from opposite sides of the sealing wall and taking up the first and second sealing strips between them, a first wall section, lying opposite the sealing wall and going away from the first side wall in the direction of the opposite second side wall, and encroaching on at least a section of the underside of the first flexible sealing strip at least in sections, a second wall section, lying opposite the sealing wall and going away from the second side wall in the direction of the opposite first side wall and encroaching on at least a section of the underside of the second flexible sealing strip at least in sections, whereby at least a gap remains between the first and second wall section, at least one guide channel for the first and second sealing strip, formed from the opposite side walls, the sealing wall and the first and second sections of walls, and a front wall surface with an inlet opening of the channel and a rear wall surface with a discharge opening of the channel, whereby the inlet and the discharge opening as well as the channel between inlet and discharge opening are suitable for accommodating the first and second sealing strip, whereby that edge of the inlet opening, adjacent to the top sides of first and second sealing strip, is at a distance from the outer surface of the sealing wall and whereby the inner surface of the sealing wall, a constituent of the channel, approaches the outer surface of the sealing wall at least in sections from the inlet opening in the direction of the discharge opening and merges into the latter at the latest at the discharge opening, so that the sealing wall or areas of the sealing wall are no longer there at least over the width of the top sides of the first and second sealing strips, and whereby the height of the channel corresponds approximately to the height of the flexible first and/or second sealing elements at least at the place where the sealing wall assumes zero thickness.

The coupling slide element encroaches on the first and second sealing strip and can be guided along these sealing strips. The channel in the coupling slide element is formed at least in sections such that the meshing first and second sealing strips of the coupling seal substantially are enclosed fitting precisely. The cross-section of the channel is in each case then only slightly bigger than the cross-section of the coupling seal, so that unhindered gliding through of the coupling seal is still always possible via the coupling slide element. During gliding through of the coupling seal by the coupling slide element the position of the top sides of the sealing strips changes relative to the outer surface of the sealing wall, i.e. reduces from movement in the direction of docking. The top sides of the sealing strips are brought to the height of the outer surface of the sealing wall or respectively then lie in the same plane as

that, effectively meaning that the sealing wall has an opening or throughhole. In similar fashion as the channel of the outer surface approaches the sealing wall, the course or respectively the thickness of the first and second sections of wall changes, so that these sections of wall are constantly indirectly adjacent to the respective undersides of the first and second sealing strips. In this way a sealing element present at the top side of the sealing strip, e.g. a spring, can be brought into a corresponding sealing element of an adjacent sealing, e.g. a groove.

By shifting the coupling slide element over or respectively along the sealing strips, each area of the top sides of these sealing strips is in any case brought into a position, so as to be able to be meshed with a corresponding coupling seal of a corresponding seal, likewise fitted with such a coupling slide element.

In a further configuration the inventive reclosable docking seal also comprises at least one zip slide for opening and closing of the coupling seal, which can be moved along the coupling seal, with a separated and a compression end and opposite side walls as well as a separating element at the separating end, which can be slid in between the first and second sealing elements, whereby in reaction to the movement of the zip slide the first and the second sealing element can be meshed together in a sealing direction from the open position into the closed position and in reaction to the movement of the zip slide can be brought in a direction of opening from the closed position into an open position.

In this embodiment, both a coupling slide element and a zip slide, in each case as described hereinabove, can be moved along the first and second sealing strip of the coupling seal. Both these slides can be guided independently of one another, but also together via the coupling seal, resulting in a very large handling clearance for coupling and filling or respectively decanting of containers.

Naturally it is likewise possible that the coupling slide element and the zip slide can be interconnected, in particular reversibly, or that the coupling slide element and the zip slide are integrated in a uniform slide. In the case of an integrated slide both the characteristics of a coupling slide element and the characteristics of a zip slide are present. IF such an integrated

slide is actuated, two corresponding seals can be joined together by forming a docking mechanism, and at the same time the respective seals can be opened or respectively closed.

In addition, a seal can be provided, which already has a flexible bag or tube, whereof the opening edge is connected tightly to the first and second sealing strip, separately or monobloc.

The danger of contamination can preferably also be further reduced by at least the inner side and/or the top side of the first and/or second sealing strip of the coupling seal having an adhesive layer at least in sections.

In order to simplify and reliably create handling of the inventive coupling seals, it is also an advantage if the first and/or second sealing strip, in particular on the outside, has or respectively have at least one operating grip.

In an effective configuration it is provided that the first and second sealing strip and/or the first and second sealing element are substantially the same length.

The underlying object of the invention with respect to the environmentally impermeable decanting of bulk material is further solved by an inventive docking system, comprising a first inventive zip seal or a first inventive docking seal and a second inventive zip seal or respectively a second inventive docking seal, whereby the third and fourth sealing elements of the top sides of first and second sealing strip of the first coupling seal of first zip or docking seal are complementary to the third and fourth sealing elements of the top sides of first and second sealing strip of the second coupling seal of second zip or respectively docking seal, so that the first and second sealing strips of first and second coupling seal, in particular environmentally impermeable, can be connected together reversibly and whereby the zip slide of first and second seals and/or the coupling slide elements of first and second seals can be set on one another and/or coupled to one another.

Those embodiments, in which the zip slide of first and second seals and/or the coupling slide elements of first and second seals can be coupled reversibly via corresponding means, in particular in, at or on their sealing walls, have proven particularly advantageous.

By way of example the zip slide of the first seal can have on its sealing wall a pinched section, into which a bulged section present on the sealing wall of the zip slide of the second seal can be reversibly snap-locked. Meshing zip slide or coupling slide elements of first and second seals permit particularly uncomplicated and reliable handling for opening or respectively closing or docking of containers to be decanted. Of course, e.g. the outer surfaces of the sealing walls of a slide or a coupling slide element of first and second seal can also be fitted with a Velcro seal or a magnet so as to effect temporary connection via these means.

Accordingly, the inventive docking system in an embodiment is composed of two inventive zip seals. Furthermore it is possible to use docking systems, comprising two inventive docking seals, in each case equipped only with at least one coupling slide element. It is particularly advantageous to employ docking systems, in which the first and second seals to be coupled both have at least one inventive zip seal and at least one inventive coupling slide element. Of course, it is likewise possible if only e.g. the first seal has a zip slide and a coupling slide element and the second seal is fitted only with one coupling slide element. The coupling seal, which has in this case no zip seal, can e.g. be opened or closed via operating grips or operating elements arranged on the sealing strips. Furthermore, such inventive docking systems are also of advantage, in which at least one first seal has a zip slide, joined to a coupling slide element or contains the latter as integral constituent. It is of course particularly advantageous if both seals of the docking system are fitted with such coupled or integrated slides.

In addition, it can be provided according to the present invention that the first and second coupling seals of first and second seal, the zip slide of first or second seal and/or the coupling slide elements of first and second seal are formed substantially identical or mirror-image.

The object of the invention is furthermore solved by a multiple coupling seal for substantially environmentally impermeable, reversible sealing as well as for substantially environmentally impermeable filling and/or decanting of bulk material from flexible and/or rigid containers or

conveying means, comprising at least two first and second seals connected to one another or which can be connected at least in sections in each case via flexible first conveying means, in each case comprising coupling seals, which can be coupled with coupling seals of corresponding first and second seals, whereby the opening face, in particular the inner diameter, of the opened coupling seal of the first seal is bigger than the outer circumference and/or opening face, in particular the outer and/or inner diameter, of the coupling seal of the second seal, whereby, when the coupling seal of the first seal is opened, the second seal can be docked with a corresponding seal inside the conveying means and/or at least when entering through the opening of the coupling seal of the first seal in sections by forming a docking mechanism, whereby at least the first seal constitutes an inventive zip seal or an inventive docking seal.

At the same time it is generally provided that the second seal, in particular environmentally impermeable, can be connected or is connected at least in sections to flexible second conveying means. The second conveying means accordingly makes a connection, insofar as required, between the second seal and a connected, in particular rigid, container or conveying means. In a further embodiment it is likewise possible that the first conveying means is not connected indirectly to the second seal, in particular environmentally impermeable, but that the latter makes a particularly environmentally impermeable connection with the second conveying means.

Another configuration of the inventive multiple coupling seal provides that the second seal or respectively coupling seal includes a closure flap having a first connecting piece, whereby the closure flap can be brought into a closed position, in which the first end of the connecting piece can be sealed off tightly from the atmosphere. Such systems are disclosed e.g. in DE 695 04 581 T2. Such seals, as disclosed in DE 195 20 409 C1, DE 43 42 962 C1, WO 02/18248 and WO 02/18247 can basically also be used in particular as second seals or respectively coupling seals for the inventive multiple coupling seal. Also, systems as described in WO 03/037756, WO 03/037717 and the unpublished German patent application with the file number 103 21 814.9 are furthermore considered as suitable seals or respectively coupling seals for the inventive multiple coupling seal. Appropriate second seals or respectively coupling seals are likewise described in the still unpublished DE 103 35 325.9.

The inventive multiple coupling seals accordingly have a first coupling seal, forming the inlet opening, and a second or additional coupling seal, to which a container or conveying means, e.g. a tube, is attached. In the case of the inventive multiple coupling seals adjacent coupling seals are designated such that the one with the larger inner diameter or respectively the larger opening face represents the first coupling seal and the one with the smaller inner surface represents the second coupling seal. Of course, within a multiple coupling seal the adjacent first and second coupling seals can be both of identical structure and different in structure. It is likewise possible that if more than two coupling seals form an inventive multiple coupling seal, the conveying means or respectively tubes connecting the adjacent coupling seals can e.g. be made identical and also different in type, size or length.

In an effective configuration an inventive multiple coupling seal comprises at least one in particular reversible and/or environmentally impermeable connecting device, in particular a Triclamp connection, on at least one coupling seal or a basic element or container connected to a coupling seal, with which the first or second conveying means can be connected or are connected directly or indirectly, in particular environmentally impermeably, to a coupling seal or the basic element or container connected to this coupling seal.

Two inventive multiple coupling seals can be joined together by forming an inventive multiple docking device. At the same time the actual bulk material transfer takes place via the opened second docking mechanism, i.e. the docking mechanism formed in each case from second coupling seals. The conveying means or respectively tubes connected to one another via the in each case first coupling seals form a protective sheath, which hermetically shields the first docking mechanism from the outer world at least during the decanting procedure.

The object of the present invention therefore likewise includes a multiple docking device, in particular a double docking mechanism, for filling and/or decanting of bulk material, comprising a first and a second inventive multiple coupling seal, whereby the adjacent first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal are coupled or can be coupled to one another by forming an inventive first docking system, in particular environmentally impermeable, and whereby the second seals of first and second multiple coupling seal are coupled or can be coupled to one another by forming a second docking system, in particular environmentally impermeably.

The object of the present invention is likewise a container, in particular a flexible container, as well as conveying means, in particular a tube, comprising in each case at least one inventive seal.

The object of the present invention further comprises a container, in particular a flexible container, which comprises an inventive multiple coupling seal, whereby the coupling seal can be connected or is connected on the discharge opening of the multiple coupling seal to the container indirectly or via a flexible tube element or is an integral constituent of same.

According to a further aspect of the present invention the task underlying this invention is solved by a method for, in particular environmentally impermeable, filling, decanting and/or emptying of containers and/or with conveying means, comprising the steps of:

- providing flexible first container or conveying means at least in the opening area, in particular an inventive container or conveying means, containing at least a first, preferably sealed present, inventive seal,
- providing flexible second container or conveying means at least in the opening area, in particular an inventive container or conveying means, containing at least a second, preferably sealed present, inventive seal,
- joining the slide, in each case comprising coupling slide elements, of first and second seal, so that the first and second sealing strips of the coupling seals of first and second seal can be brought to bear on one another,
- joint moving of the coupled slide or coupling slide elements of first and second seal along at least in each case of a section of first and second sealing strip of the coupling seals of first and second seal by forming an inventive docking system,
- joint or time-offset moving of the zip slide of first and second seal in a direction of opening from the closed position into an open position by forming an environmentally impermeable continuous opening between first container or conveying means and second container or conveying means,
- transferring of bulk material from the first container or conveying means to the second container or conveying means, or vice versa,
- joint or time-offset moving of the zip slide of first and second seal into a sealing direction from the open position into a closed position by forming envi-

ronmentally impermeable first and second seals and retaining an environmentally impermeable docking system,

- joint moving of the coupled slide or coupling slide elements of first and second seal along at least in each case a section of first and second sealing strip of the coupling seals of first and second seal separating the inventive docking system, in particular retaining environmentally impermeable first and second seals.

At the same time according to the present invention it can be provided that with forming and/or separating the inventive docking system the coupling slide elements and the zip slide of first and second seal are moved at the same time, whereby the coupling slide element and the zip slide of the first seal and/or the coupling slide element and the zip slide of the second seal are preferably adjacent indirectly or directly and/or whereby the zip slide of first and second seal abut one another.

In a particularly preferred configuration of the inventive method it is provided that the coupling slide element and the zip slide of the first seal and/or the coupling slide element and the zip slide of the second seal are integrated into one slide.

In a further configuration it is provided that the lengths of first and second sealing strip of the first seal and the lengths of first and second sealing strip of the second seal substantially match.

The underlying task of the invention is solved according to a further aspect also by a method for, in particular environmentally impermeable, filling, decanting and/or emptying of containers and/or with conveying means, comprising the steps of:

- providing at least in the opening area flexible first container or conveying means, in particular according to inventive containers or respectively conveying means, containing at least one first inventive multiple coupling seal, whereby the first and/or second seal of the first multiple coupling seal is or respectively are preferably sealed,
- providing at least in the opening area flexible second container or conveying means, in particular according to inventive containers or respectively convey-

ing means, containing at least one second inventive multiple coupling seal, whereby the first and/or second seal of the second multiple coupling seal is or respectively are preferably sealed,

- coupling the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal by forming an inventive docking system by coupling the slide, in each case comprising coupling slide elements, of the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seals, so that the first and second sealing strips of the coupling seals of the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal can be brought to bear on one another, and joint moving of the coupled slide or coupling slide elements of the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal along at least in each case a section of first and second sealing strip of the coupling seals of the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seals,
- opening of the coupled first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal while retaining an environmentally impermeable docking system by joint or time-offset moving of the zip slide of the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seals in a direction of opening from the closed position to an open position by forming an environmentally impermeable continuous opening between first container or conveying means and second container or conveying means,
- coupling of the second seals of first and second multiple coupling seal by forming a particularly environmentally impermeable, second docking mechanism, in particular by forming an inventive multiple docking device,
- simultaneous or successive opening of the second seals of first and second multiple coupling seal at least in sections while retaining the environmentally impermeable second docking mechanism,
- transferring bulk material from the first container or conveying means to the second container or conveying means, or vice versa,
- simultaneous or successive sealing of the second seals of first and second multiple coupling seal while retaining an environmentally impermeable second docking mechanism,
- uncoupling the second seals of first and second multiple coupling seal while separating the second docking mechanism,
- simultaneous or time-offset sealing of the first seal of the first multiple coupling seal and/or of the first seal of the second multiple coupling seal by joint

or time-offset moving of the zip slide of the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal in a sealing direction from the open position to a closed position by forming environmentally impermeable first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal and while retaining an environmentally impermeable docking system, and

- uncoupling the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal by joint moving of the coupled slide or coupling slide elements of first and second seal along at least in each case of a section of first and second sealing strip of the coupling seals of first and second multiple coupling seal while separating the inventive docking system.

Here it is of particular advantage that the coupling slide elements and the zip slide of the first seals of first and second multiple coupling seal are moved at the same time with forming and/or separating of the inventive first docking system, whereby the coupling slide element and the zip slide of the seal of the first multiple coupling seal and/or the coupling slide element and the zip slide of the seal of the second multiple coupling seal are adjacent preferably indirectly or directly.

A particularly preferred further development also takes into consideration that the coupling slide element and the zip slide of the seal of the first multiple coupling seal and/or the coupling slide element and the zip slide of the seal of the second multiple coupling seal are integrated in one slide.

It is of particular advantage in the inventive zip seal that it first enables coupled or respectively docked containers to be opened and closed unproblematically and reliably in one motion by way of actuating a slide. With the inventive docking seals it is surprisingly simple and operationally secure to receive environmentally impermeable docking systems for flexible containers and tubes. Also, the concept of multiple coupling seals has surprisingly been further developed by integrating the inventive zip and docking seals. The inventive seal or respectively docking systems basically succeeds in also using simple flexible containers, independently of their size, for environmentally impermeable filling and/or decanting actions, which up to now has not been possible in a correspondingly simple, uncomplicated and all the same reliable way. For operating safety and reliability as well as for maintaining the integrity

of the containers and seals and docking systems used, in particular for ongoing use, it is also a factor that really only the zip slide, coupling slide elements and if necessary end stops are to be operated. Neither the sealing elements or beads nor the flexible containers are to be activated manually for closing or docking.

Further characteristics and advantages of the invention will emerge from the following description, in which embodiments of inventive zip seals, docking seals and docking systems are explained in detail by means of schematic diagrams, in which:

- Figure 1 illustrates two inventive flexible containers to be coupled in a schematic side elevation;
- Figure 2 illustrates the containers according to Figure 1 at the beginning of the docking process in schematic side elevation;
- Figure 3 illustrates the containers according to Figure 1 in the partially docked state in schematic side elevation;
- Figure 4 illustrates the containers according to Figure 1 in the fully docked state in schematic side elevation;
- Figure 5 illustrates a schematic perspective view of an inventive seal;
- Figure 6 illustrates a cutout of the inventive seal in schematic side elevation; and
- Figure 7 illustrates a cutout of an embodiment of an inventive seal in schematic plan view.

Figure 1 shows in cutouts two inventive flexible containers 50 and 52 to be coupled in each case to meshing sealing strips 2 and 4 or respectively 2' and 4'. Both containers are consequently sealed. In addition, both containers have an inventive combined seal 200 or respectively 202 with in each case a combined slide 100 and 102, in each case containing a zip slide and integrating a coupling slide element. An inventive zip seal and an inventive docking seal are joined in the combined seals 200, 202 consequently in each case. Both containers are furthermore equipped with end stops 104 or respectively 106, which can also be used to provide a second stop point, during operation of the inventive seal. In this way it is not necessary to hold the flexible container itself during actuation of the combined seals.

The seals 200 and 202 of first and second container 50, 52 can be laid on one another via the respective outer surfaces of their sealing walls 108, 110, which preferably match one another in size and shape, as shown in Figure 2. The outer surfaces of these sealing walls preferably have means for being meshed together (not illustrated). In this way the superposed first and second slide 100 and 102 can be moved particularly easily and unproblematically along the sealing strips 2, 4 or respectively 2', 4' of first and second coupling seals 1, 1'. Temporary stopping of the superposed end stops 104 and 106 is also very effective, without the potential risk of mutual slipping of the superposed surfaces.

If the superposed first and second slide 100 and 102 are moved along the sealing strips of the combined seals 200, 202 on the one hand, as shown in Figure 3, the sealing strips 2, 4 and 2', 4' of first and second seal 200 and 202 are coupled to one another environmentally impermeably by forming a docking system 112 and on the other hand the first and second sealing strips 2, 4 of the first seal 200 as well as the first and second sealing strips 2', 4' of the second seal 202 or respectively their respective complementary sealing elements are separated from one another at the same time. When the flexible containers 50 and 52 to be coupled are docking this indirectly results in an environmentally impermeable through opening 114, provided for filling and/or decanting of bulk material. Depending on the quantity to be decanted a through opening 114 corresponding to requirements can be created by means of the inventive seals or respectively the inventive docking system 112.

In Figure 4 the first and second flexible containers 50, 52 have been coupled to one another over their entire opening width. With joint rearward movement of first and second combined

slides 100 and 102 in the direction of the end stops 104 and 106 the first and second flexible containers 50 and 52 can be resealed and at the same time separated from one another (not illustrated).

Figure 5 shows two inventive combined slide 100 and 102 superposed via the outer surfaces of their sealing walls 108 and 110, as already shown in Figures 1 to 4. These slides in each case have an inlet opening 150 or respectively 152 of the guide channels 178 and 180 for meshing first and second sealing strips 2, 4 or respectively 2', 4' of the coupling seals 1 and 1' of first and second seal 200 or respectively 202. The slide 100 and 102 have side walls 154, 156 and 158, 160 extending from the sealing wall 108 or respectively 110, as well as sections of wall 162 and 164 (not illustrated) and 166 and 168 (not illustrated) moving away from the side walls. At the inlet openings 150 and 152 the respective top sides 14, 14', 16, 16' of the first and second sealing strips 2, 2', 4, 4' are at a distance from the edges 170, 172 of the sealing walls 108 and 110 such that sealing elements 18 and 20' also extending from the top sides 14 and 16' in each case do not reach these edges, but a distance therefrom remains. The channel, in which the coupled first and second sealing strips are guided in the combined slide in each case, is formed such that the top sides 14, 16 and 14', 16' of the first and second sealing strips of first and second seal 200, 202 move towards one another constantly and finally meet with meshing of the complementary sealing elements 18 and 18' as well as 20 and 20' inside the superposed combined seals. For this, the sealing walls 108, 110 of the first and second combined slide 100, 102 have to have outlets of the openings corresponding in shape and size for the desired docking to happen. Care must be taken here that the sections of wall 162, 164 or respectively 166, 168 moving away from the side walls 154, 156 and 158, 160 are worked such that when the coupling seals 1, 1' are drawn through or respectively moved through the combined slide there is no possibility for the sealing strips 2, 4 or respectively 2', 4' to be removed from the docking process. For the most part it is already enough if the height of the channel 178 or respectively 180 remains unchanged, i.e. if the respective inner surfaces of the sections of wall 162, 164, 166, 168 similarly move in the direction of the outer surface of the sealing wall as that side of the channel, facing the top sides of first and second sealing strip. Apart from the docking of first and second sealing strips of first and second seal 200, 202 the present combined slide 100, 102 likewise create an opening of the respective first and second sealing strips. For this, an inventive zip slide is in each case likewise integrated in the illustrated combined slides, apart from a coupling slide element. The separating end of this zip slide is located to the side opposite the inlet opening 150, 152, on which the separating ele-

ment is also located (not illustrated). After docking of the coupling seals 1, 1' of first and second seal via the superposed first and second combined slide 100, 102 in one procedure or respectively in one motion the sealing elements 10 and 12 as well as 10' and 12' of first and second sealing strip 2, 2', 4, 4' can thus be separated from one another by means of separating elements. In an alternative embodiment it is of course likewise possible that a slide, which comprises a combination of a coupling slide element and a zip slide, at first the first and second sealing strips, belonging to a coupling seal, separates and after that causes coupling or respectively docking of the separated sealing strips of a container with the separated sealing strips of a second container.

Figure 6 is a schematic side elevation of the cutout according to Figure 5. The meshing first and second sealing strips of the respective coupling seals 1 and 1' are guided to one another in the first and second coupling slide elements of the combined slides 100, 102 superposed via their sealing walls 108 and 110. In their shape and their dimensions the channels 178, 180 of first and second coupling slide element match the respective coupling seals 1, 1' or respectively the coupled first and second sealing strips. Along the stretch AB the sealing walls 108, 110 in each case have an outlet or respectively an opening, so that there is the possibility for the top sides 14, 16 and 14' 16' of first and second sealing strip of first and second seal 200, 202 by meshing their complementary sealing elements to be able to take up the shortest possible distance or respectively be put in contact. The illustrated side elevation in each case shows the side walls of the first sealing strips 2 and 2' of the coupling seals 1 and 1'. The respective top sides of first and second coupled sealing strips 2 and 4 or respectively 2' and 4' are indicated by edge lines 14, 16 or respectively 14', 16'. The third sealing element 18, which is configured in the shape of a spring, rises from the surface 14. The fourth sealing element 20, which is configured in the shape of a groove, present covered in the second sealing strip 4 in the selected lateral elevation, is indicated by a dashed line. The third and fourth sealing elements 18' and 20' of first and second sealing strip 2' and 4' of the coupling seal 1' present in the shape of a groove and a spring are shown in similar fashion. In the area of the opening AB the spring 18 is then guided in the groove 18' and the spring 20' is guided in the groove 20.

Figure 7 finally shows a plan view of the superposed combined slide illustrated in Figure 5. Accordingly, this shows the remote sections of wall 166 and 168 of the combined slide 102. The separating element 174 engages between the sealing elements 10', 12' of first and second

sealing strip 2', 4' of the coupling seal 1' of the first seal. In similar fashion the first and second sealing strip 2, 4 of the second seal are separated from one another by a corresponding second separating element. By reversing the direction of movement of the coupled seals 200, 202 the compression end 176, matching the expansion of the coupled first and second sealing strips 2' and 4' in width, ensures that the sealing elements 10' and 12' of first and second sealing strip 2' and 4' mesh in one another again by forming an environmentally impermeable seal. The separating element 174 helps the first and second sealing strips 2' and 4' to draw away from one another, in that it separates the complementary first and second sealing elements 10' and 12' from one another, i.e. forces the spring 10' away from the groove 12'. Conversely, at the compression end 176 the first and second sealing elements 10' and 12' of first and second sealing strips 2' and 4' are pressed into one another flush using their complementary structure. In similar fashion the zip slide of the seal 200 can then also function.

The characteristics of the invention disclosed in the abovementioned description, the diagrams as well as in the claims can be essential for carrying out the invention in its various embodiments both individually and also in any combination.